



# **Governor's Office** of Energy

## NEVADA CLIMATE STRATEGY & ENERGY CODES

How energy codes play a pivotal role in reaching the goals of the Climate Strategy

March 17, 2021

Robin Yochum, Energy Program Manager

## **AGENCY OVERVIEW**

#### **Mission**

- to ensure the wise development of Nevada's energy resources in harmony with local economic needs and to position Nevada to lead the nation in:
  - renewable energy production
  - energy conservation
  - export of energy
  - transportation electrification





Governor Sisolak is committed to regaining Nevada's position as a **clean energy leader** to combat the indisputable effects of climate change for future generations and for the **abundance of green-collar jobs**Nevada can create right now.

## **CLIMATE INITIATIVE**

## In 2019, Nevada took decisive action to address the climate crisis:

- joining the U.S. Climate Alliance
- passing SB 254 (2019)
- Governor Sisolak's Executive Order 2019-22 directing state agencies to develop a Climate Strategy
  - released December 1, 2020: climateaction.nv.gov

## **CLIMATE GOALS & IECC**

- According to the Nevada Climate Strategy, energy codes are instrumental in achieving Nevada's climate goals
- Energy codes are projected to save U.S. homes and businesses \$126 billion between 2012 and 2040
- 2021 IECC will be 10% more energy efficient than 2018



## GREENHOUSE GAS IMPLICATIONS

State	SO2 (lbs)	NOx (lbs)	CO2 (tons)	PM 2.5 (lbs)
Idaho	-277	-24,299	-35,136	-4,097
Montana	-105,132	-187,160	-86,769	-17,065
Nevada	-102,412	-107,840	-137,570	-18,582
Oregon	-150,537	-117,902	-102,872	-19,507
Utah	-105,865	-295,200	-157,507	-15,455
Washington	-52,544	-192,908	-169,709	-9,808
Wyoming	-176,063	-209,222	-118,515	-7,118



## **IECC ADOPTION BENEFITS**

- Lower energy bills for all Nevadans, including those in low- to moderate-income communities
- Healthier indoor environments
- Energy efficient homes and businesses for decades
- Assists in meeting state climate goals



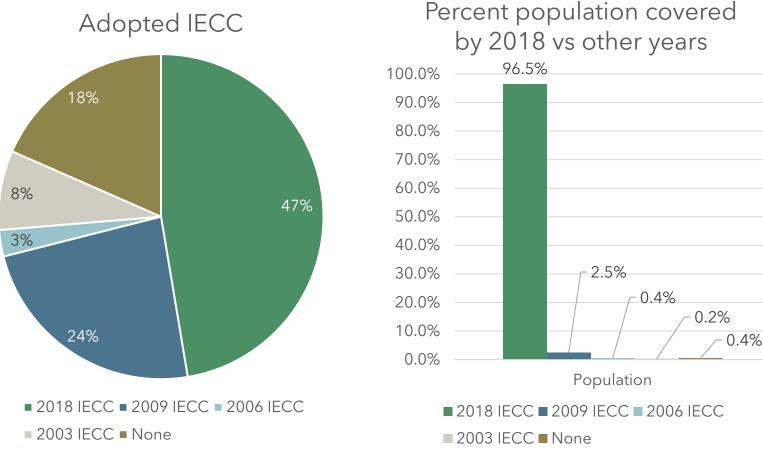
## ENERGY CODES

- Pursuant to <u>NRS 701</u>, GOE must adopt the most recently published version of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC)
- 2018 IECC was adopted in July 2018
- Many local jurisdictions followed suit:
  - By July 2020, 47% of the adopted energy code in the state was the 2018 IECC
  - Encompassing 96.5% of the state's population





## NEVADA ADOPTION OF IECC





## LOCAL ADOPTION

The Climate Strategy recognizes local jurisdictions are impacted more heavily than the state.

#### **Local impacts include**

- Adoption of the full family of I-codes, not just IECC (International Residential Code - IRC, International Building Code - IBC)
- Training must occur prior to adoption
- Implementation and enforcement
- Funding required varies by jurisdiction
- Significant staff time required



## FUTURE FOR IECC IN NEVADA

- Adoption of the 2021 IECC
- Appendices that positively impact Nevadan's
- Training sessions on significant changes 2018-2021
- Coordination at state level to support increased adoption throughout the state



## SMART ENERGY DESIGN ASSISTANCE CENTER (SEDAC)

- Pilot program to develop resources for energy efficiency and energy codes for the next generation of professionals
- Funded through the U.S. Department of Energy
- Participation needed from:
  - Community colleges (instructors and administrators)
  - Code officials
  - Trade programs
  - Energy efficiency industry
  - Design and construction professionals
  - Anyone interested in energy efficiency and energy code workforce development







# Nevada Energy Code Collaborative – Ql Meeting

**Paul Karrer** 

Michael Winn, AIA

Sr. Manager, Building Code Policy

Sr. Manager, State and Local Policy

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michaelwinn@aia.org

## Recent AIA Initiatives

- Climate Action Plan
- Architect's Policy Platform 2020
- Blueprint for Better

## Climate Action Plan



Overview

## Goals

- Mitigating the sources
- Adapting to the impacts
- Catalyzing architects to act

#### The Climate Imperative

July 2020

Humanity is faced with a challenge unlike any we have previously encountered: we must take urgent action to reverse the impacts of our greenhouse gas emissions, protect our planet, and preserve life as we know it.

Climate change affects every person, every project, and every client. The impacts are all-inclusive, with no respect for borders or boundaries—and are felt first and hardest by our most vulnerable populations. Raing sea levels, extreme weather events, and the degredation of natural resources are all electre result of increased carbon levels, threatening national security, global economies, and the health, safety, and welfare of local communities. Because more than 40% of U.S. groenhouse gases can be attributed to the building industry—during construction, media, and polymers, and through evenyday processes such as heating, cooling, and lightling—architects have the ability to lead the change our planen roads. We must take action.

As we launch into the new decade, AIA is prioritizing and supporting urgent climat action to exponentially accelerate the decarbonization of buildings, the building industry, and the built environment by:

- · declaring an urgent climate imperative for carbon reduction;
- transforming the day-to-day practice of architects to achieve a zero carbon, equitable, resilient, and healthy built environment; and
- leveraging support of all potential partners, including peers, clients, policymakers, and the public.

This represents a dramatic and unprecedented change in AlA's Socus, unequaled in its ISC2-year history, and comes with a unique set of challenges. We need to reach a diverse audience of architects, partners, and clients, whose time and attention are fragmented by busy lives and carensor. Our goals will be science-based and implementable in a short timeframe. Our members and clients must bring new skills to the lable, by presenting the opportunities within the climate crisis, both for the world and the bottom line, we can chart a course for positive change with a role for each person.

We cannot address these challenges alone. We must learn from others' research

a decicated and reliable partner—to members, member firms, and components than the same of the same of

#### Mitigating the sources

Establish the relevance and importance of the building sector and architectural practice in climate mitigation solutions.

- Shape policies and regulations to require and incentivize significant reductions in operational and embodied carbon.
- Activate communities to achieve decarbonization goals

## **Adapting to the impacts**

Design buildings and communities to anticipate and adapt to the evolving challenge of climate changes.

- Develop resources and research to support the architects' role in reducing climate risk, consequence, and vulnerability, and demonstrate how every project and client can contribute to climate action.
- Develop and champion policy recommendations that promote climatesensitive design and adaptation for all new and existing buildings and communities.

## Catalyzing architects to act

Lead meaningful change and contribute to climate solutions in partnership with our global community.

- Develop and implement a plan to engage and empower all AIA members to transform architectural practice for climate action.
- Develop and communicate a comprehensive climate action advocacy agenda.
- Partner and align efforts with global climate action allies to accelerate our outcomes.

## **Architect's Policy Platform**

## **Architect's Policy Platform**

 Developed and approved by Board of Directors, with input from Knowledge Communities, Components, leadership

Responds to four simultaneous crises

- Climate
- Racial Equity, Economy, Public Health



## **Climate Action**

- Exercise American leadership
- Transform energy use
- Commit to zero-carbon practices

## **Transform Energy Use**

- Promote renewable energy & embrace building electrification
- Promote renewable energy through state incentives
- Advocate for the elimination of fossil fuels from buildings
- Create incentives for the adoption of net zero carbon building codes
- Support the ZERO code as a national building energy standard and create federal financial incentives for adoption

## **A Future Economy**

- Prioritize job creation
- Leverage private investment
- Adopt business friendly tax policies

## Leverage private investment

- Utilize tax incentives to spark resilient, sustainable, & equitable development
- 179D, the Energy Efficient Commercial Buildings Deduction, increase deduction to \$3 per sf
- 25C, the Non-Business Energy Property Tax Credit: Double the credit to \$2,400 and the eligible expenditures to 30%
- 45L, the New Energy Efficient Home Credit, increase the credit to \$2,500

## **Healthy and Equitable Communities**

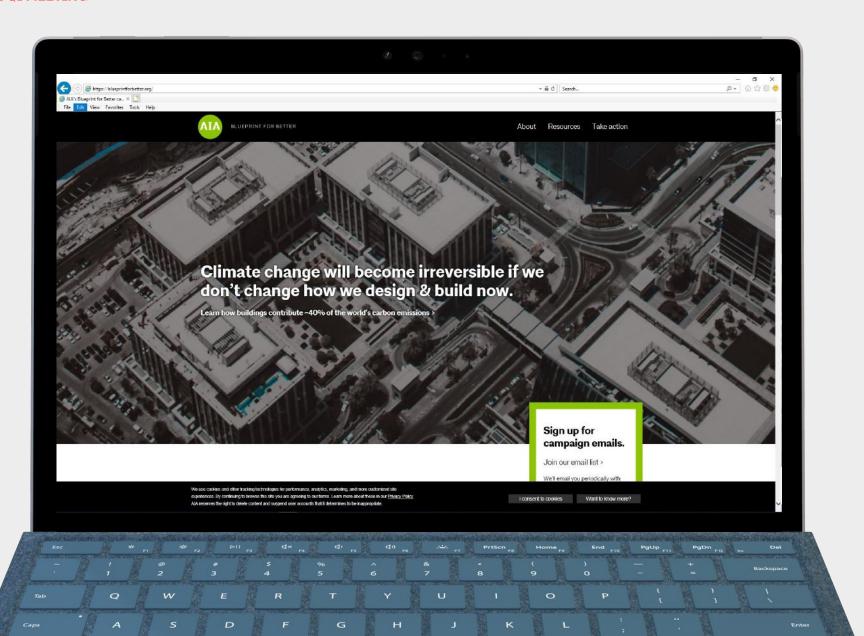
- Invest in housing & infrastructure
- Reinvest in America's public places

## Reinvest in America's public places

- Improve building resilience & adaptation to allow populations to shelter-inplace
- Tax incentives to improve the resilience of buildings
- Fund flood & risk mapping & prioritize resilient land use policies
- Strengthen water & air quality policy

# **Blueprint for Better**

# Blueprint for Better Public Campaign



# Tools to help State and local communities meet their climate goals

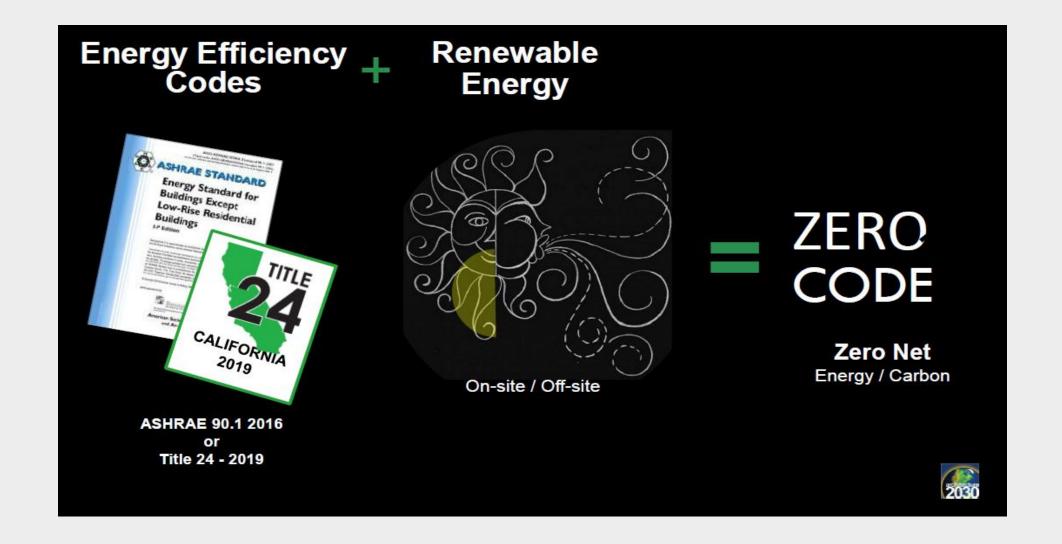
- ZERO Code
- 2021 IECC Voluntary Appendices
- Advanced Energy Design Guides (Achieving Zero Energy)
- What's next?

#### **ZERO Code by Architecture 2030**

- The ZERO Code (ref. ASHRAE 90.1-2016)
- ZERO Code 2.0 (ref. ASHRAE 90.1-2019)
- 2019 ZERO Code for California
- 2022 ZERO Code for California







#### ZERO CODE<sup>TM</sup>

Commercial • Institutional • Mid-Rise/High-Rise Residential Buildings



Efficiency Standard: ASHRAE 90.1-2016 minimum;

ASHRAE 189.1-2017; others

Efficient building envelope / daylighting

Passive heating / cooling / ventilation

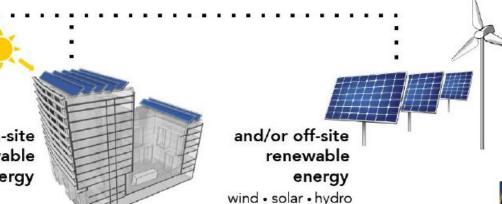
Efficient systems / equipment / controls



Address the remaining building's energy needs with:

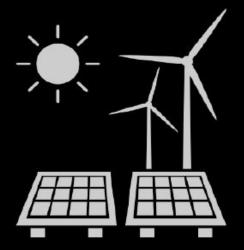
on-site renewable energy

Source: Architecture 2030 Graphic adaptations: Sefaira; DOE



(other non-CO<sub>2</sub> emitting sources)

#### **ZERO Code**



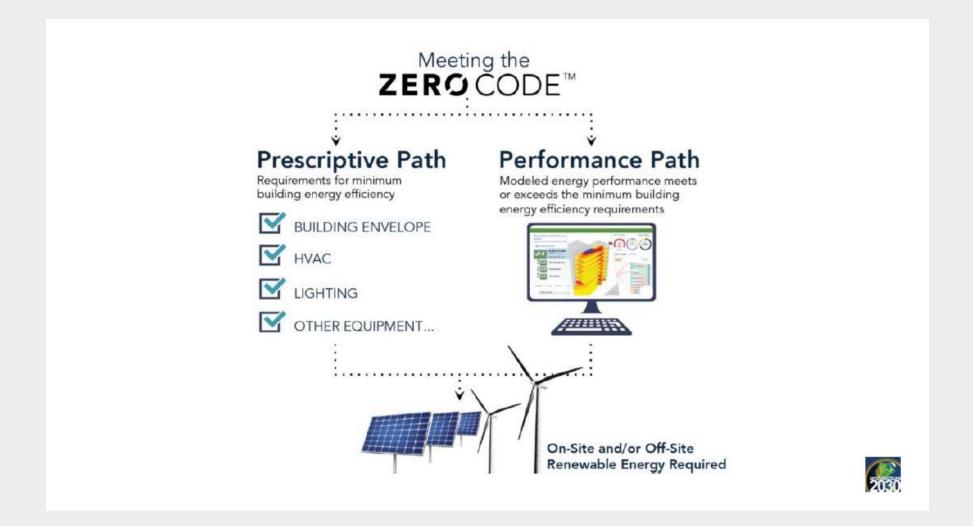
#### A Technical Support Document: Off-site Procurement of Renewable Energy

- Potential Off-Site Procurement Methods
- Comparison and Classification Methods
  - · Set of criteria
  - Process for criteria weighting / prioritization

#### **Outcomes**

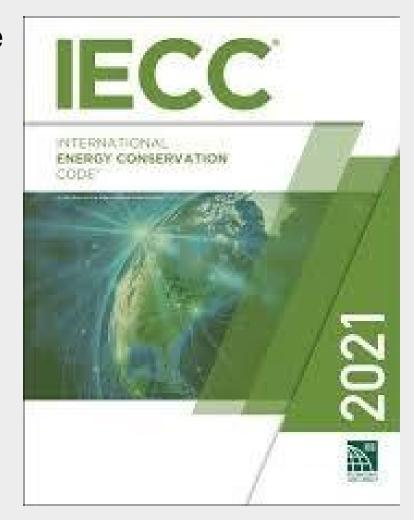
- Differential weighting assigned to different off-site renewable energy sources.
- Flexible approach with each jurisdiction that adopts the ZERO Code.





#### **2021** International Energy Conservation Code

- ~ 10% energy efficiency improvement over 2018 IECC
- Carbon reduction
- Residential and commercial zero energy appendices (voluntary for local jurisdictions)



#### **2021 IECC Zero Energy Appendices**

- Appendix CC Zero Energy Commercial Building Provisions
  - ("Zero Code Renewable Energy Appendix" sponsored by AIA and Architecture 2030)
- Appendix RC Zero Energy Residential Building Provisions
  - ("Residential Zero Energy Appendix" sponsored by New Buildings Institute)



#### **Advanced Energy Design Guides (AEDGs)**

#### **Previously:**

- AEDG 30% Guide series
- AEDG 50% Guide series





#### **Achieving Zero Energy**

- K-12 School Buildings
- Small to Medium Office Buildings
- Multifamily Buildings (coming 2021)

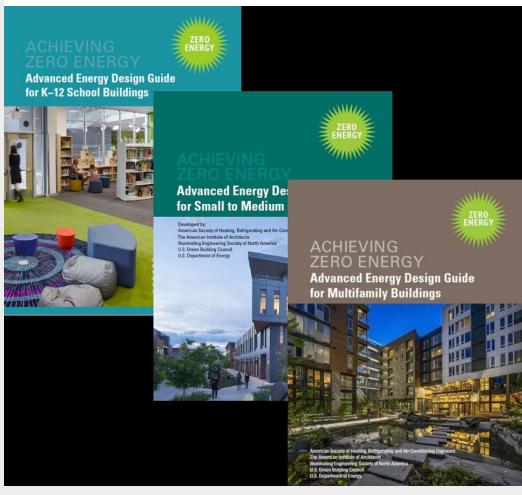






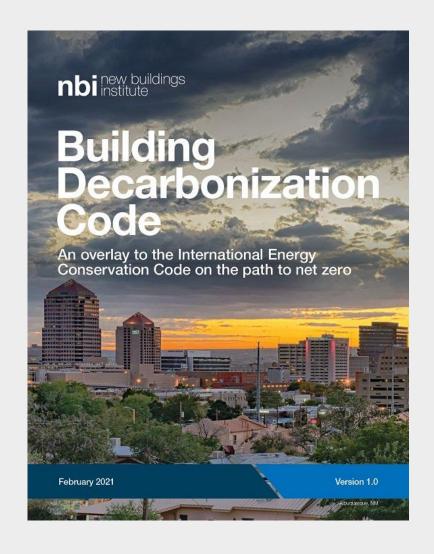






#### What's Next?

- Building electrification
- Building decarbonization
  - > NBI Building Decarbonization Code
- Zero Carbon Design Guide series
- Addressing embodied carbon
- Addressing existing building adaptive reuse



## AIA is here to help!

#### Climate action is an imperative across AIA

- Campaign assistance, technical guidance, or friendly discussion
- Connect allies to AIA Nevada and local AIA components

## Thank you.

# Residential Labeling Programs and Practices

David Heslam *Executive Director*Earth Advantage - Portland, Oregon

## What are home energy labels?

#### Home energy labels:

- Estimate a home's energy consumption and cost
- Ideally provide recommendations on cost-effective improvements
- Inform consumers when purchasing or renting a home
- Provide standardized and comparable information to the real estate market

#### Home energy labeling policies:

Create a legal framework (e.g. ordinance, statute, or regulation) that dictates the use, creation, and/or deployment of home energy labels

## High-level benefits of an energy labeling policy

**Micro:** Informing <u>consumers</u> about home energy performance, expected energy costs, and cost-effective improvements

Macro: Providing a mechanism for <u>markets</u> to value both home energy performance and home energy improvements

## Why are cities supporting energy labeling policies?



Climate Action: lays a critical foundation to drive consumer action and increases consumer literacy around this issue

12-37% conversion rate for home energy improvements recorded



Consumer Protection: informs major purchasing decisions / ongoing homeownership costs and thereby reduces risk for consumers



**Economic Development:** job creation, better functioning real estate marketplace, local reinvestment of energy savings, higher quality residential building stock



Community Development: clarifies and addresses energy burden risk (especially for LMI households), insights from open data can drive innovation and inform future policies

## HES and HERS: Can't we work together?

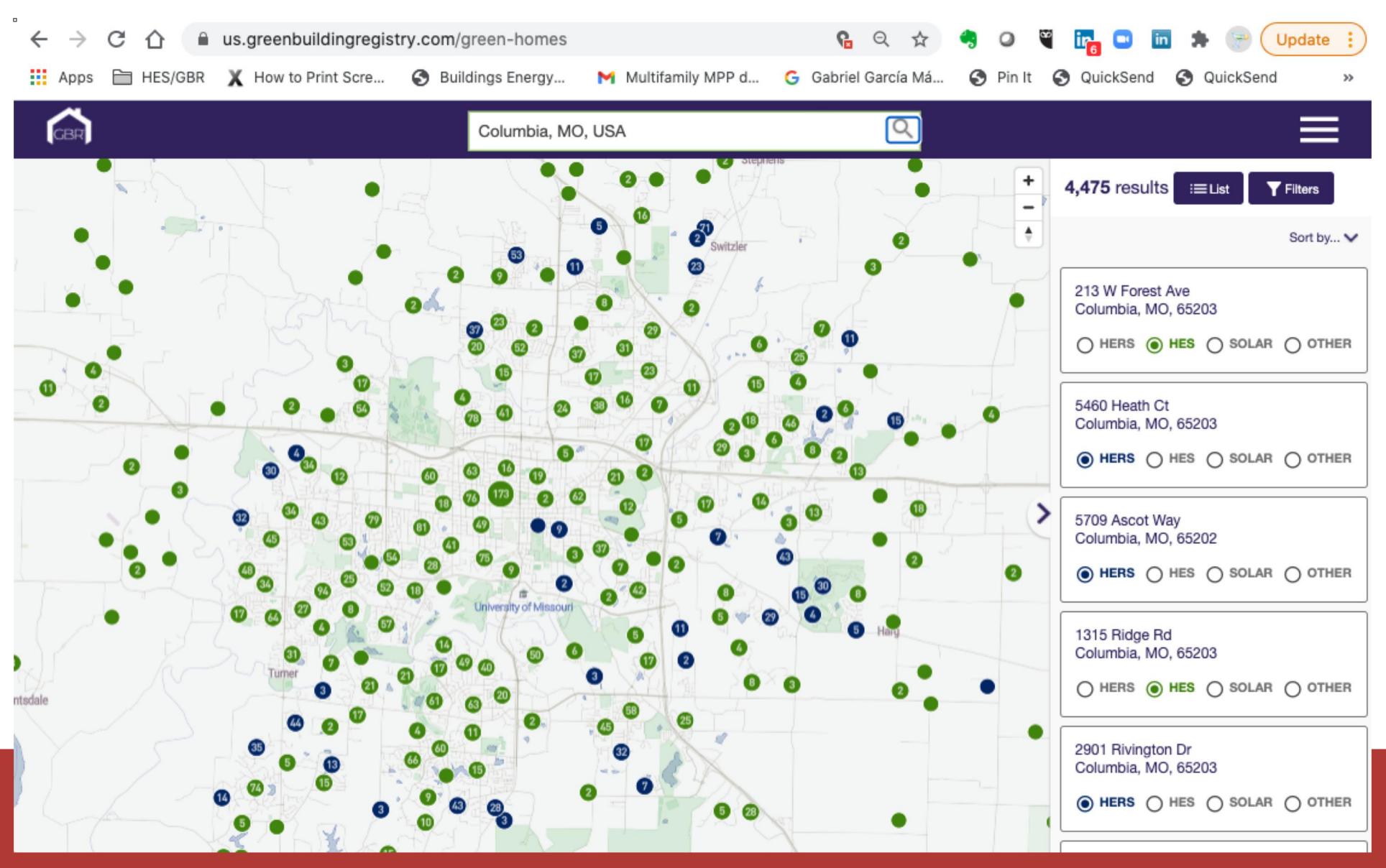
- The Home Energy Score was developed to rate existing homes and make improvement recommendations in a standard, consistent way.
- How can the information from the Home Energy Score be used in the market in a way that is complementary to the use of HERS ratings?



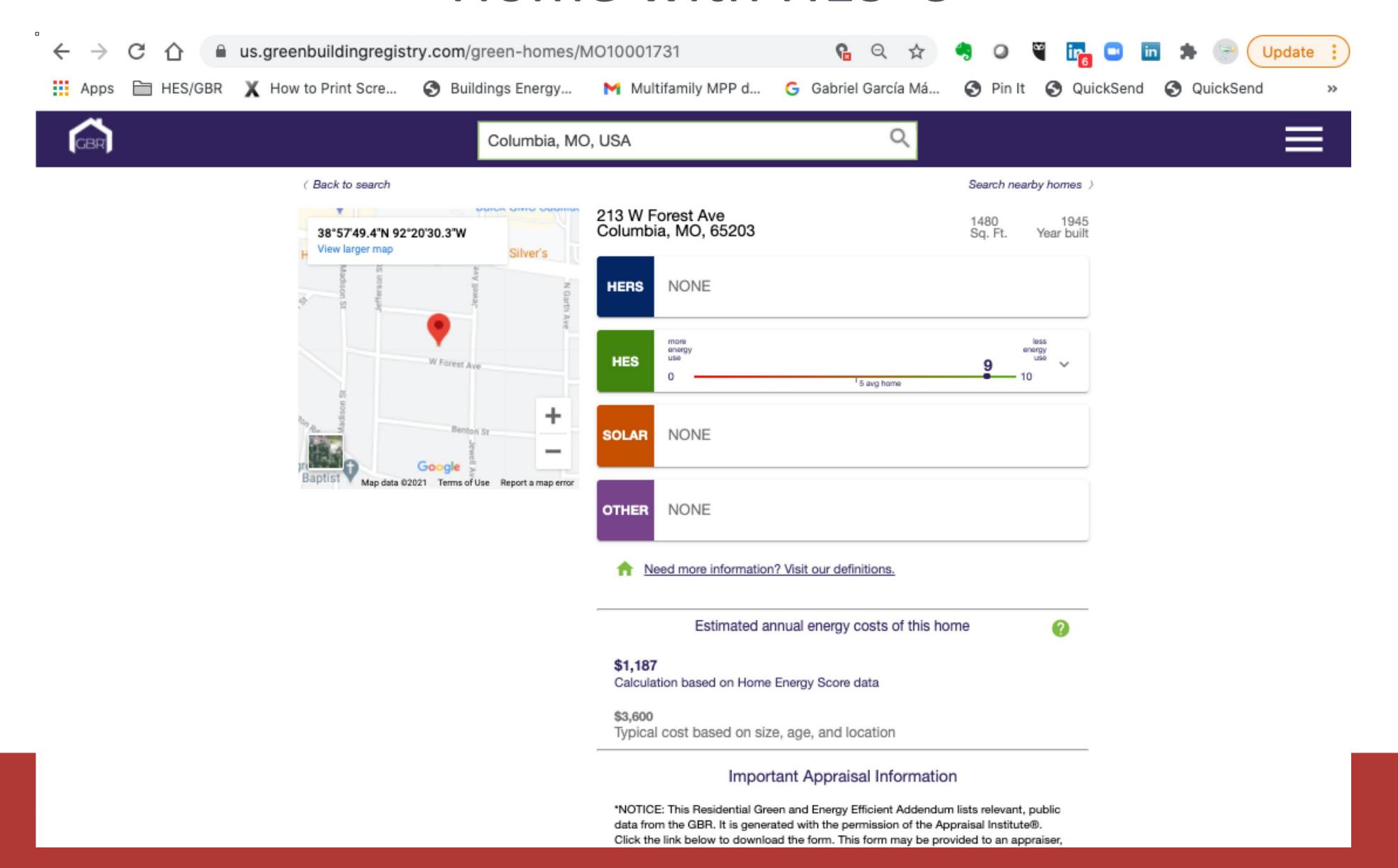
## The Missouri way



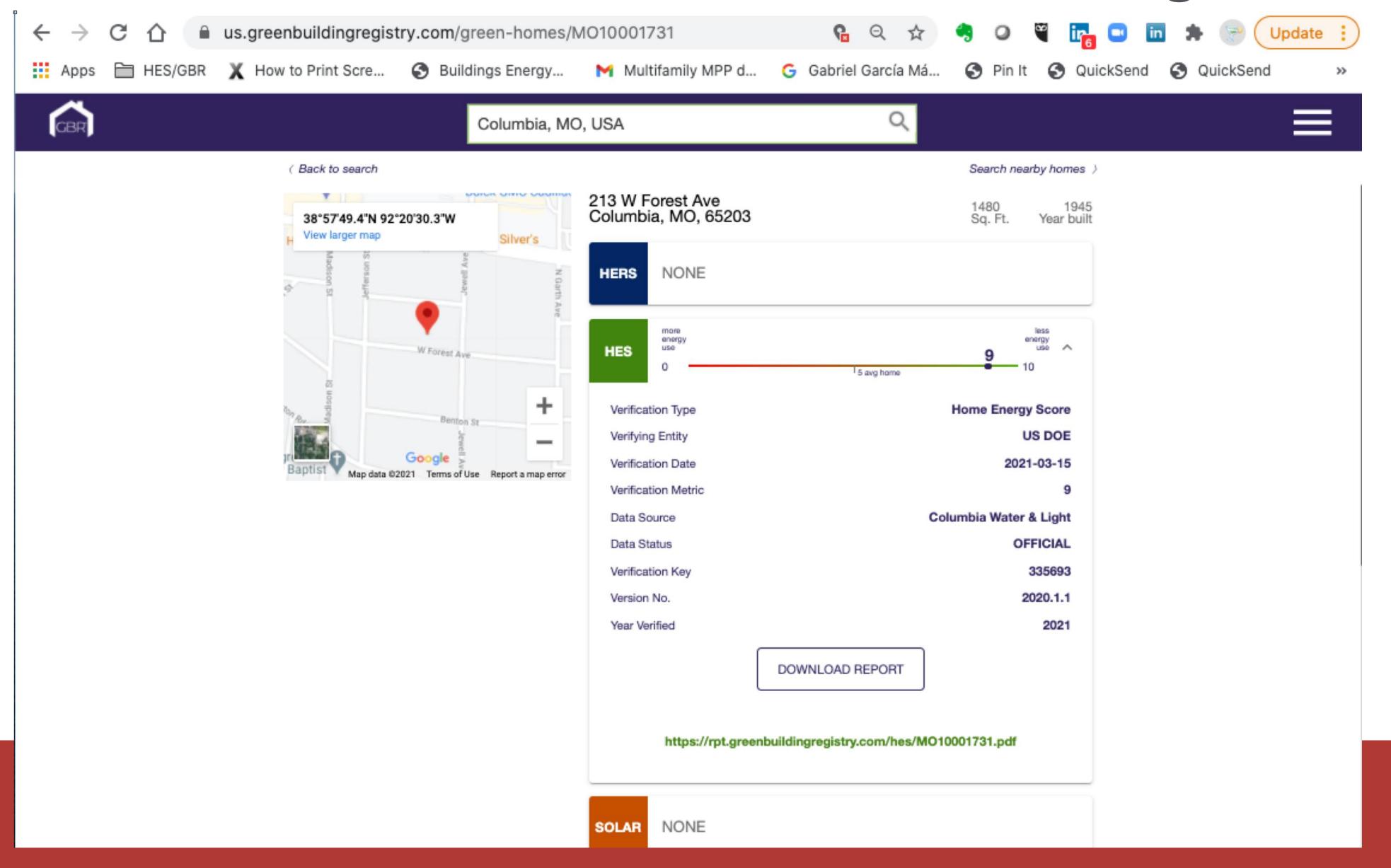
## Missouri Home Energy Certificates



## Home with HES=9



## RESO Standard Fields for MLS Listings



## Standard Reports for Sharing





HOME'S SCORE

OUT OF 10

THIS HOME'S ESTIMATED
ENERGY COSTS

\$1,187

PER YEAR

#### HOME PROFILE

LOCATION:

213 W Forest Ave Columbia, MO 65203

YEAR BUILT:

1945

HEATED FLOOR AREA: 1,480 sq.ft.

NUMBER OF BEDROOMS:

#### ASSESSMENT

ASSESSMENT DATE:

03/15/2021

SCORE EXPIRATION DATE:

03/15/2029

ASSESSOR:

Ernest (Tony) Rigdon Chapman Heating & Air Conditioning

PHONE:

573-445-4489

EMAIL:

Tony@ chapmanhvac.com

LICENSE #:

2017-BR-001-19

#### MAKE THE MOST OUT OF YOUR NEW HOME!

To learn more about ways to save energy, visit:

Energy.mo.gov



#### HOW MUCH ENERGY IS THIS HOME LIKELY TO USE?

 Electric: 11,866 kWh/yr.
 \$1,187

 Natural Gas: 0 therms/yr.
 \$0

 Other:
 \$0

 Renewable Generation:
 (\$0)

 TOTAL ENERGY COSTS PER YEAR
 \$1,187

EFFICIENCY SCORE

Columbia Water &

#### WHAT DOES THE SCORE MEAN?

HOME ENERGY SCORE (HESCORE): The HEScore is based on a 1 – 10 score, with a 10 being a high performing/efficient home with comparatively low energy bills, and 1 being an inefficient/low performance home with comparatively high energy bills, and a score of 5 being considered average. A score considers heating, cooling and hot water end uses as well as insulation, and normalizes for weather and home occupancy. This score is most often provided for existing homes (versus new construction) and is provided as part of DOE's Home Energy Score program which provides consumer-facing materials about energy efficiency. Scores are based on absolute energy use, subsequently for a home with the same features, a larger home scores poorer than a smaller home since it will use more energy. The score is also recognized by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Federal Housing Administration's (FHA) Energy Efficient Home (EEH) Policy. Home Energy Score can be used for participation in Fannie Mae's HomeStyle\* Energy Efficiency Mortgage.

- Total energy costs per year are estimated using an average utility cost (per unit of energy) for the State
  of Missouri (\$0.10/kwh for electricity; \$0.29/therm for natural gas).
- Actual energy costs per year may vary based on occupant behavior, utility provider, weather patterns, and appliance maintenance/health.
- Relisting 2-7 years after the assessment date requires a free reprint of the Report from us.greenbuildingregistry.com to update energy information.
- This report meets the standards of Missouri Home Energy Certification program administered by the Department of Economic Development Division of Energy.

## All Reports® Form \$20.06\* Additional resources to aid in the valuation of green properties and the completion of this form can be found at http://www.accomissibutityis.com/education/green\_energy\_addendum\_asset.

- he appraiser hereby certifies that the information provided within this addendum:

   has been considered in the appraiser's development of the appraisal of the subject property only for the client and intende
- user(s) identified in the appraisal report and only for the intended use stated in the report.
   is not provided by the appraisar for any other purpose and should not be relied upon by parties other than those identified by the appraisar as the client or intended user(s) in the report.
- Is the result of the appraiser's routine inspection of and inquiries about the subject property's green and energy efficient
  features. Extraordinary assumption: Data provided herein is assumed to be accurate and if found to be in error could after
  the appraiser's opinions or conclusions.
- Is not made as a representation or as a warranty as to the efficiency, quality, function, operability, reliability or cost savings
  of the reported items or of the subject property in general, and this addendum should not be relied upon for such

Green Building: The practice of creating structures and using processes that are environmentally responsible and resource-efficient throughout a building's lifecycle from siting to design, construction, operation, maintenance, renovation, and deconstruction. This practice expands and complements the classic building design concerns of economy, utility, durability, and comfort (US EPA). High Performance building and green building are often used interchangeably.

ix Elements of Green Building: A green building has attributes that fall into the six elements of green building known as (1) site, (2) eater, (3) energy, (4) materials, (5) indoor environmental quality, and (6) maintenance and operation. The energy and water element are the most measurable elements of green or high performance housing. Appraisers need savings amounts to develop an income approach to support energy efficient contributory value.

#### THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATIONS (See types defined in glossary The following verified items are considered within the appraisal analysis of the subject property: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): ☐ Indoor sirPLUS ☐ WaterSense ☐ ENERGY STAR **Green Certification** Energy Department (DOE): ☐ Zero Energy Ready Home (ZERH) Home Innovation Research Labs NGBS Home Remodel that the home meets Home Innovation Research Labs NGBS New Home: ☐ Bronze ☐ Silver ☐ Gold ☐ Emerald ☐ Living Building Certified ☐ Petal Certification Living Building Challenge (LBC): thresholds. Passivheus Standard: Passive House Institute US: ☐ Certified ☐ Silver ☐ Gold ☐ Platinum USGBC LEED Green Certification Version: \_\_\_\_ ABOVE VALID ONLY IF CHECKED: Verified: ☐ Verification provided by Organization URL: certifying organization RESNET's HERS Estimated energy savings for this home: \$\_\_/year\_so\_CkWh rate. Dated \_/\_/\_ inergy Label Rating (1 to 150): Inergy Savings includes electricity, heating & Cooling. abels disclose the Score below 100 indicates energy costs are expected to be lower than average local ☐ Sampling Rating state of the home's code home per square foot. HERS Index Report estimates energy cost based on □ Projected Reting ☐ Confirmed Rating number of bedrooms plus one. Only a "confirmed rating" is a diagnostic test. DOE's Home Energy Estimated energy savings for this home: \$2,43/year\_10\_0kWh rate. Dated\_1/11/201 Inergy Savings includes electricity, heating & Cooling. Score (1 to 10): \_\_ ? Score above five indicates energy costs are expected to be lower than average local Official Score home. Home Energy Score estimates energy cost based on state average energy ■ Unofficial Score rates and the home's energy features. Estimated energy savings: \$\_\_\_/year\_\_0 kWh rate dated \_\_/\_\_/ Other Energy Score: Describe energy label system: ABOVE VALID ONLY IF CHECKED: Organization URL: | sww.resnet.us ■ Verification provided by certifying organization erified Energy Cost of Improvements: \$\_\_\_\_\_ https://us.greenbuildingregistry.com/green-homes/MO10001731 Improvements Only Include Certificate of Efficiency Improvements Version: \_\_\_ improvements with Werlfloation provided by Organization URL: Other: \_\_\_\_ verified certifying organization energyster.gov/homeperformence Completed by: Autopopulated from us.greenbuildingregistry.com Title: online database

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November 2009

#### Uses:

- Compliance with Ordinances
- Documentation for Listings
- Documentation for Appraisals
- Documentation for Mortgages

## Basis for Automated Valuation Models

	Da313	101	Aut
MISSOURI HOME	ENERGY		ME'S ESTIMATED  GY COSTS
Energy Label	RESNET's HERS Rating (1 to 150):		Esti Ene
Labels disclose the	Sampling Rating		Sco

Client File 8:

Residential Green and Energy Efficient Addendum

Client

Subject Property: 213 W Forest Ave

City: Columbia State: MO Zip: 65203

Additional resources to aid in the valuation of green properties and the completion of this form can be found at

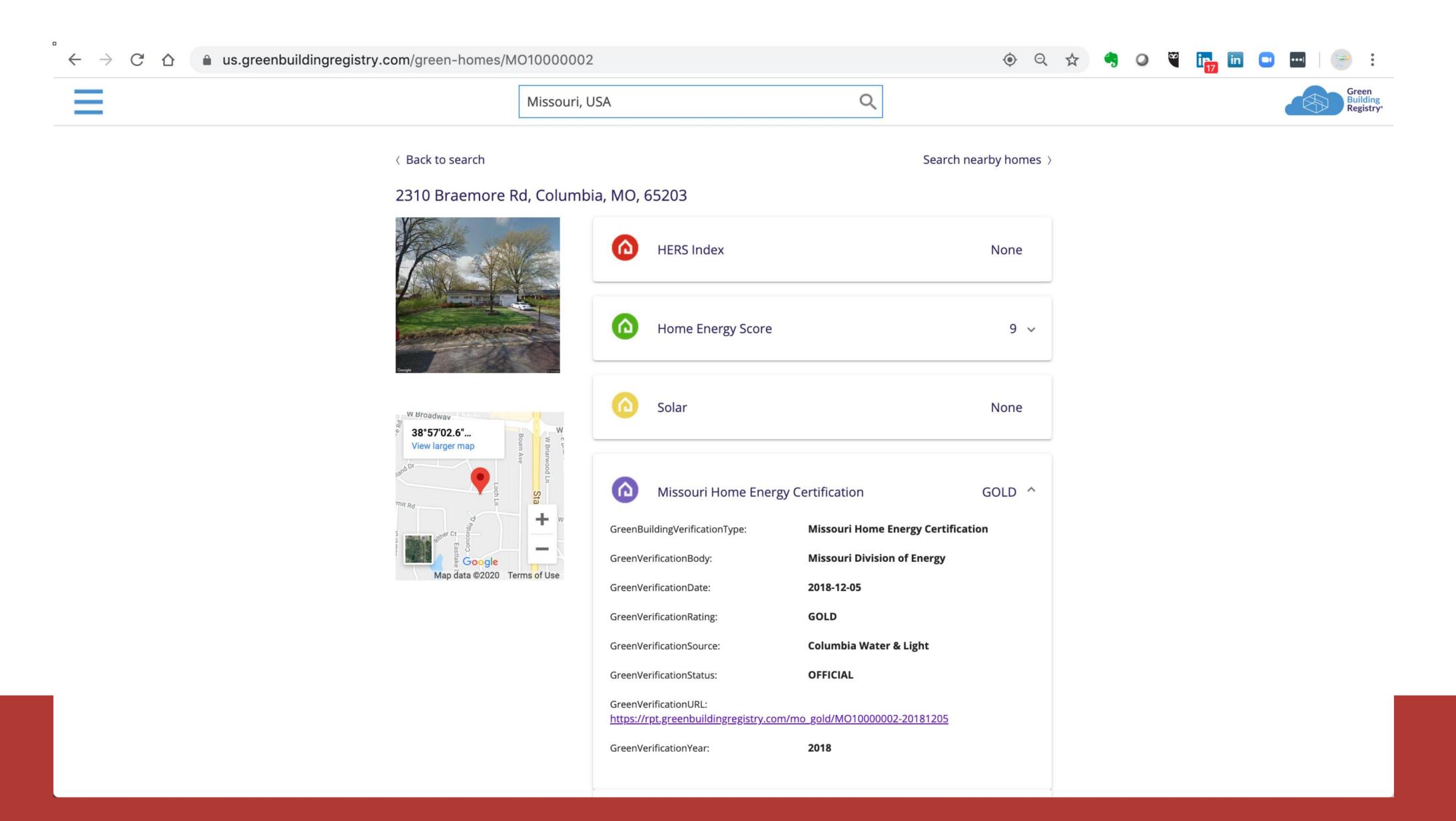
Energy Label  Labels disclose the state of the home's energy assets.	☐ Projected Rating ☐ Confirmed Rating  DOE's Home Energy Score Score (1 to 10):9		Estimated energy savings for this home: \$/year _10ckWh rate. Dated//_ Energy Savings includes electricity, heating & Cooling.  Score below 100 indicates energy costs are expected to be lower than average local code home per square foot. HERS Index Report estimates energy cost based on number of bedrooms plus one. Only a "confirmed rating" is a diagnostic test.  Estimated energy savings for this home: \$2,413/year _10ckWh rate. Dated _3_/15_/2021  Energy Savings includes electricity, heating & Cooling.  Score above five indicates energy costs are expected to be lower than average local home. Home Energy Score estimates energy cost based on state average energy rates and the home's energy features.	
	Other Energy Score: Range ( to):		Estimated energy savings: \$/year¢ kWh rate dated// Describe energy label system:	
	Date Verified: 3/15/2021	Organizati	ating Version: 2020.1.1 on URL:  www.resnet.us omeenergyscore.gov	ABOVE VALID ONLY IF CHECKED:  ✓ Verification provided by certifying organization

Department of Economic Development Division of Energy.

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November 2019

## Extra Credit - Missouri Gold Certificate



### Gold Certificate Was Earned from HES=9



2310 Braemore Rd Columbia, MO 65203

#### **Home Energy Auditor:**

Paul Dobbs

#### **Program Provider:**

Columbia Water & Light

#### **System And Score:**

HES: 9

#### **Certificate Issued:**

12/05/2018

#### **Certificate Number:**

230515

## The Missouri Division of Energy's Home Energy Certification Program

This home has achieved a superior level of energy performance and includes the following home energy components:

Attic insulation: Ceiling insulated to R-49

. Wall insulation: Insulated to R-11

Heating equipment: Natural gas furnace 95% AFUE

Water Heater: Natural gas

Air Conditioner: 14 SEER

Craig Redmon, Director, Division of Energy

The Missouri Home Energy Certification (MHEC) Program is designed to provide for a voluntary approach to promote energy efficient homes through a clear and meaningful recognition program. For more information regarding the program go to http://energy.mo.gov/energy/mhec

## Oregon blazed a different trail...



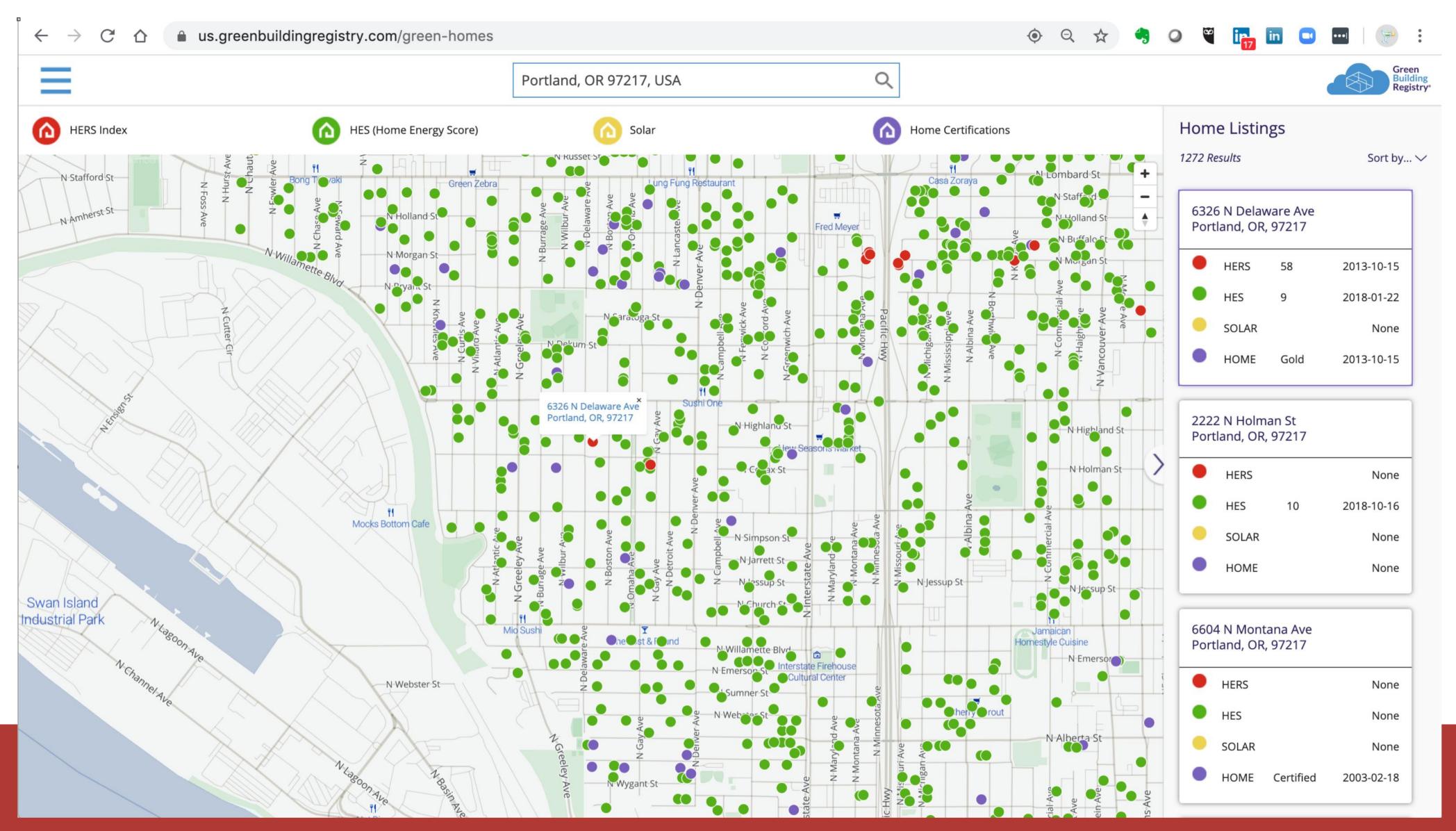
## Oregon tested and compared systems

The Oregon Department of Energy compared sample energy models from REMRate and the Home Energy Score tool for use in creating home energy labels for use in real estate.

- The variance in scores was not acceptable to the Department Director
- The Department settled on use of the HES tool as a cost effective way to produce consistent results.
   UNEXPECTED RESULT



## HES/HERS info is juxtaposed in Oregon



## Massachusetts is ready to scale



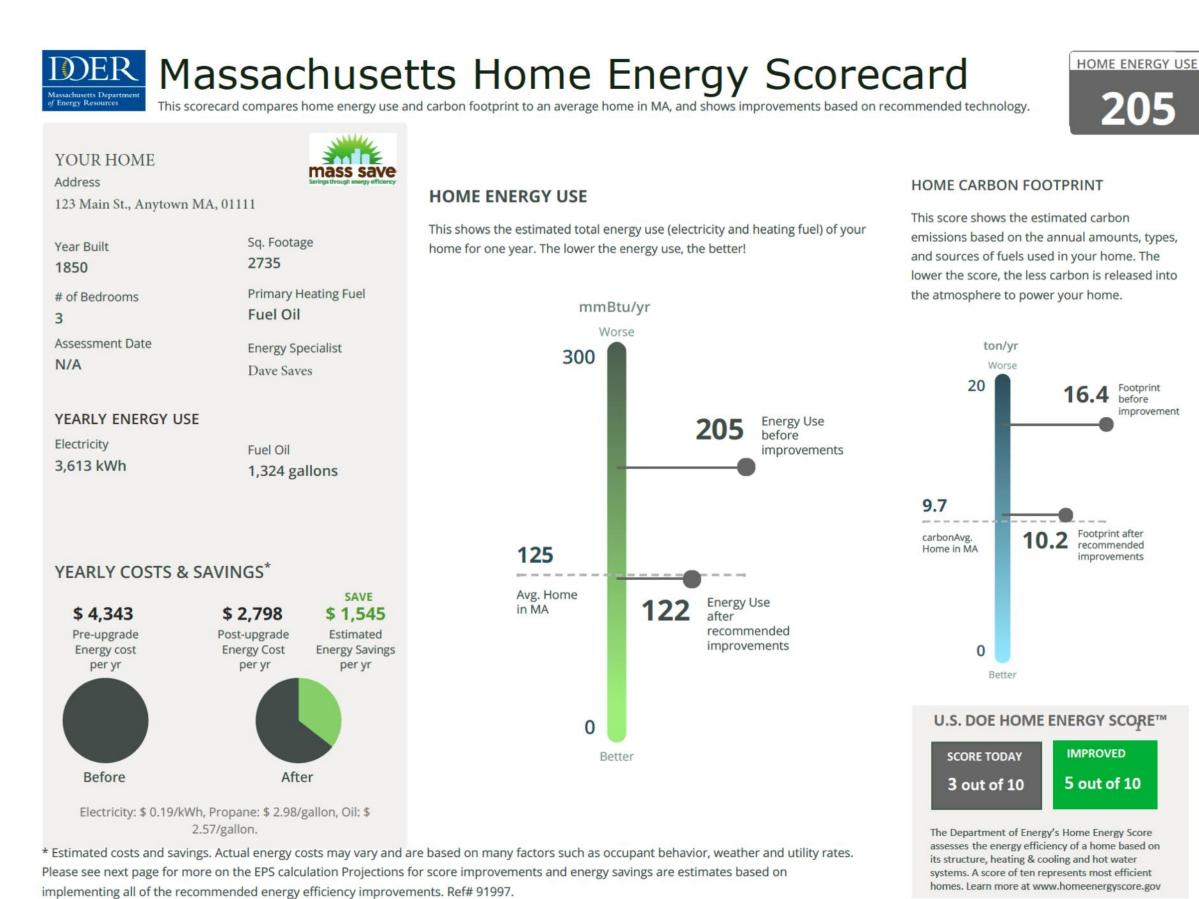
## Massachusetts has programs to build on

The Massachusetts energy code allows individual jurisdictions to opt into a stretch code that uses HERS ratings

85% of new construction receives a HERS rating

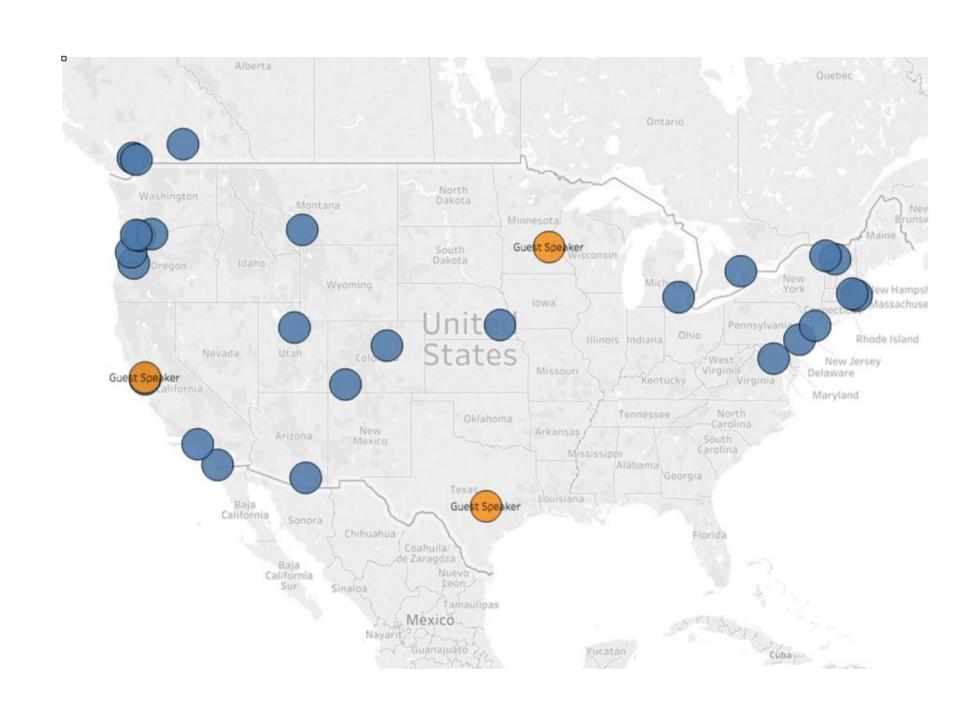
The Mass Save utility programs offer free utility audits to any customer every year.

- Energy Auditors conduct over 30,000 audits a year
- HES label generation is being added to the Energy Audits

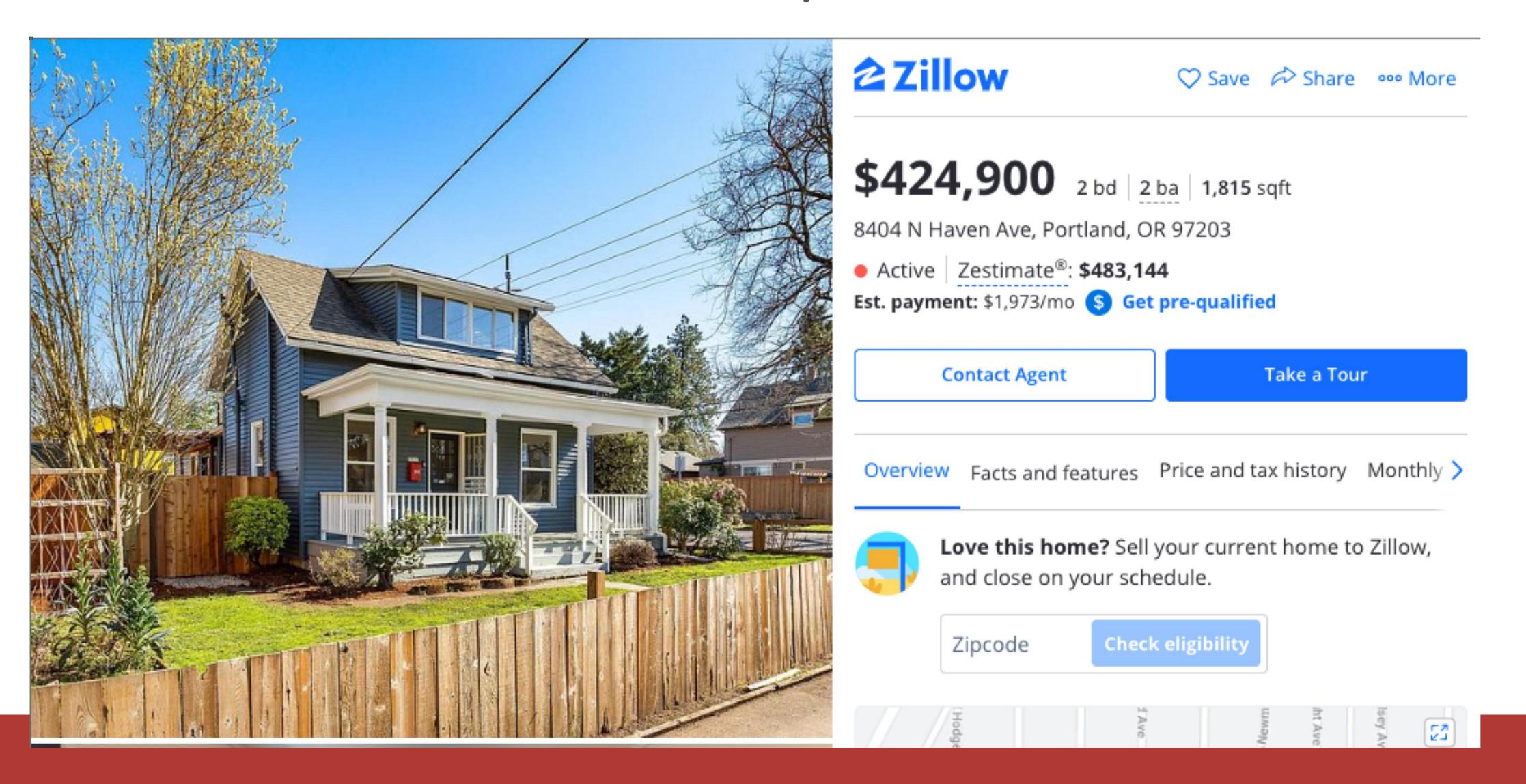


Home Owner | 123 Main Street, Anytown, MA 01111 | Official Assessment | ID#1234567

Cities like to replicate a successful policy



## Personal Experience



## Dig a little deeper...





#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF **ENERGY** THIS HOME'S SCORE OUT OF 10

THIS HOME'S ESTIMATED **ENERGY COSTS** PER YEAR

#### **HOME PROFILE**

LOCATION:

8404 N Haven Ave Portland, OR 97203

YEAR BUILT:

HEATED FLOOR AREA:

1,611 sq.ft.

UMBER OF BEDROOMS:

#### **ASSESSMENT**

ASSESSMENT DATE:

03/03/2021

CORE EXPIRATION DATE:

03/03/2029

Erin Letterman A Quality Appraisal, LLC dba A Quality Measurement

503-367-8046

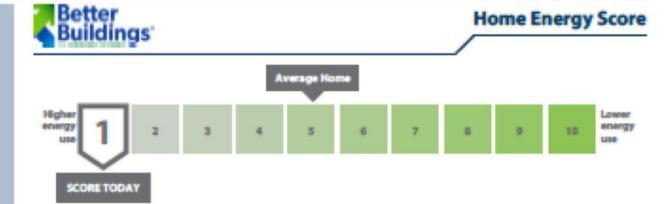
e.marieletterman@ gmail.com

LICENSE #:

217807

and use less energy!





The Home Energy Score is a national rating System developed by the U.S. Department of Energy. The Score reflects the estimated energy use of a home based upon the home's structure and heating, cooling, and hot water systems. The average score is a 5. Learn more at HomeEnergyScore.gov.

#### **HOW MUCH ENERGY IS THIS HOME LIKELY TO USE?**

Electric: 19,754 kWh/yr.....\$2,173 Natural Gas: 182 therms/yr......\$180 

energy does this home generate?

How much

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS PER YEAR \$2,353

#### THIS HOME'S CARBON FOOTPRINT:



What should my home's carbon footprint be? Between now and 2030, Portlanders should reduce carbon pollution per household to 3 metric tons per year to reach our climate goals.

- Actual energy use and costs may vary based on occupant behavior and other factors.
- Estimated energy costs were calculated based on current utility prices (\$0.11/kwh for electricity; \$0.99/therm for natural gas; \$2.58/gal for heating oil; \$2.21/gal for propane).
- Carbon footprint is based only on estimated home energy use. Carbon emissions are estimated based on utility and fuel-specific emissions factors provided by the OR Department of Energy.
- Relisting 2-7 years after the assessment date requires a free reprint of the Report from us.greenbuildingregistry.com to update energy and carbon information.

This report meets Oregon's Home Energy Performance Score Standard and complies with Portland City Code

## Ouch!!





THIS HOME'S ESTIMATED
ENERGY COSTS

e

## PRIORITY ENERGY IMPROVEMENTS | 10 YEAR PAYBACK OR LESS

FEATURE	TODAY'S CONDITION <sup>3</sup>	RECOMMENDED IMPROVEMENTS
Attic insulation	Ceiling insulated to 8-0	Insulate to R-38 or R-49 if code requires it
Cathedral Ceiling/Roof	Roof insulated to R-0	insulate cathedral ceiling/roof to R-30 or maximum possible
Envelope/Airsealing	Not professionally air sealed	Professionally air seal
Floor insulation	Insulated to R-0	insulate to R-30 or fill floor cavity
Heating equipment	Bectric heat	When replacing, upgrade to ENERGY STAR, minimum 9.0 HSPF (Heating Season Performance Factor)
Water Heater	Natural gas	When replacing, upgrade to ENERGY STAR, (EF>=0.67 or UEF>= 0.64)

### ADDITIONAL ENERGY RECOMMENDATIONS

Double-pane, clear glass

Windows

FEATURE	TODAY'S CONDITION <sup>3</sup>	RECOMMENDED IMPROVEMENTS
Solar PV	N/A	Visit www.energytrust.org/solar to learn more
Wall insulation	Insulated to R-0	Fully insulate wall cavities
Air Conditioner	N/A	
Basement wall insulation	N/A	
Duct insulation	N/A	
Duct sealing	N/A	
Foundation wall insulation	N/A	
Skylights	N/A	



## Thank You!



## Questions?

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